Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 1 / 11

## **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

#### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier Product name Sitol Deck Caulking 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Fast hardening hybrid polymer-based sealant for caulking classic Teak with sanding characteristics. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name TORGGLER S.R.L. Full address Via Prati Nuovi 9 District and Country 39020 Marlengo (BZ) Italy Tel. +39 0473 282400 +39 0473 282501 Fax e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet reach@torggler.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number +39 348 662 70 93 (08.00 - 17.30) For urgent inquiries refer to

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP). However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information, compliant to (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Hazard classification and indication:

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:	
Signal words:	
Hazard statements: EUH210 EUH208	Safety data sheet available on request. Contains: Trimethoxyvinylsilane May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\ge 0.1\%$ .

Small amounts of methanol (CAS 67-56-1) are formed by hydrolysis and released upon curing. Harmful to aquatic life.

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 2 / 11

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

# 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:			
Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Trimethoxyvir	nylsilane		
CAS	2768-02-7	2,5 ≤ x < 3	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Sens. 1B H317
EC	220-449-8		LC50 Inhalation vapours: 16,8 mg/l/4h
INDEX			• • •
REACH Reg.	01-2119513215-	52-xxxx	
Bis(2,2,6,6-tet	ramethyl-4-piperi	dyl) sebacate	
CAS	52829-07-9	0,809 ≤ x < 0,909	Repr. 2 H361f, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic
			2 H411
EC	258-207-9		
INDEX			
REACH Reg.	01-2119537297-3	32-xxxx	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Information not available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Small amounts of methanol (CAS 67-56-1) are formed by hydrolysis and released upon curing.

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 3 / 11

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Protect against moisture. Store at a temperature between +10 and +35 °C. Store away from food or feed and beverages.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

10

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Small amounts of methanol (CAS 67-56-1) are formed by hydrolysis and released upon curing Methanol (CAS 67-56-1): (EU) TWA: 200 ppm

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 4 / 11

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

			Trimeth	oxyvinylsilane				
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	water					0,34	mg/l	
Normal value in mari	ne water					0,034	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms					110	mg/l		
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL					-	
Effects on consumers			Effects on workers					
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,3				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				18,9				27,6
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				7,8				3,9
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

This product contains carbon black in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of carbon black is unlikely to occur due to exposure to this product.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Flammability Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Flash point	>	Value pasty liquid black mild not applicable not available not available not available not available of available of available
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature pH	>	

Information

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ....

Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics not available 2000-5000 Pa\*s insoluble in water not available 1,4-1,6 g/ml not available not available not applicable Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 5 / 11

Temperature: 20 °C

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Product cures with moisture.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

Product cures with moisture. Protect from moisture. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Do not freeze. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

None under normal use conditions. Small amounts of methanol (CAS 67-56-1) are formed by hydrolysis and released upon curing.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The data collected on the overall product take priority over the data of the individual ingredients.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Mixture information: INHALATION: Based on the available data, the criteria for classification are not met.

# TORGGLER S.R.L.

## Sitol Deck Caulking

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 6 / 11

#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

CONTACT WITH EYES: Based on the available data, the criteria for classification are not met. CONTACT WITH SKIN: Based on the available data, the criteria for classification are not met. It may cause sensitisation in susceptible individuals.

> 20 mg/l

INGESTION: Based on the available data, the criteria for classification are not met.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> Trimethoxyvinylsilane LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

7120 mg/kg bw Rat 3540 µg/kg Otyctolagus cuniculus 16,8 mg/l/4h Rat

Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

> 2000 mg/kg bw Rat > 3170 mg/kg bw Rat 500 mg/m3/4h Rat

#### **SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

No classification is proposed, based on the negative conclusive data. By analogy with other similar product tested: No irritation in contact with the eyes: H319 phrase does not apply. Method: OCSE 437 Bovine Corneal Opacity and Permeability (BCOP) test Effective dose: 100% product Exposure time: 10 min. Results: Product score <3; Non-irritating.

#### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

May produce an allergic reaction. Contains: Trimethoxyvinylsilane

No sensitisation reactions were observed. No classification is proposed, based on the negative conclusive data. It may however cause sensitisation in susceptible individuals. Method: OECD 406 Skin sensitisation, Buehler test CN code: Guinea Pig Exposure: dermal Results: No sensitisation reactions were observed.

#### Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 7 / 11

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

#### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

### **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Trimethoxyvinylsilane LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

191 mg/l/96h Oncorhyncus mykiss 168,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna 957 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus 100 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss 1 mg/l Daphnia magna

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 8 / 11

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

5,29 mg/l/96h Oryzias latipes 858 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna 0,705 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Trimethoxyvinylsilane NOT rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Trimethoxyvinylsilane Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

1,1 Log Kow 20 °C - pH 7

Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

0,35 Log Kow 25 °C

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

EWC: 080410.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 9 / 11

SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

#### 14.4. Packing group

not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

### **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product

None

Point

## Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

<u>Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)</u> On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

40

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls Information not available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Revision nr.1 Dated 03/11/2022 First compilation Printed on 16/09/2024 Page n. 10 / 11

### SECTION 16. Other information .../>

H400 H411 EUH210 Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Safety data sheet available on request.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

#### - The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.